







VISION 2050

BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION GOALS FOR THE COMMONWEALTH





CONSERVING BIODIVERSITY: OUR SHARED COMMITMENT

The Department of Fish & Game's mission is to preserve the state's natural resources, including marine and freshwater fisheries, wildlife species, plants, and natural communities, as well as the habitats that support them.



BIODIVERSITY one of Earth's most important resources

Biodiversity – or biological diversity - is the **extraordinary** variety and abundance of living things: species of plants, insects, birds, and other animals and their genetic diversity. Species evolved over millennia and have inherent, intrinsic value. Biodiversity anchors our history and culture, sustains our health and economy, and enriches our quality of life.

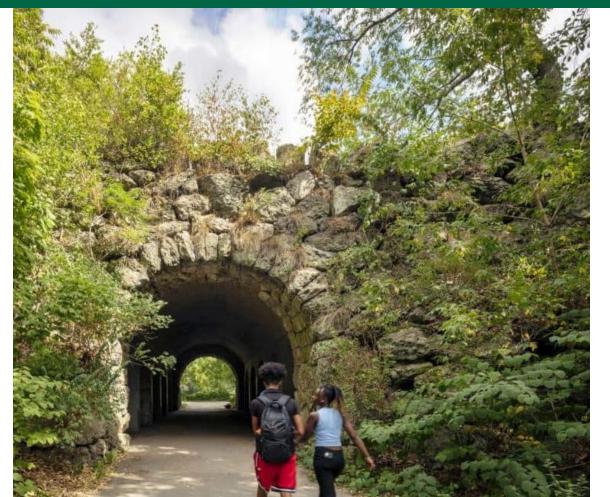




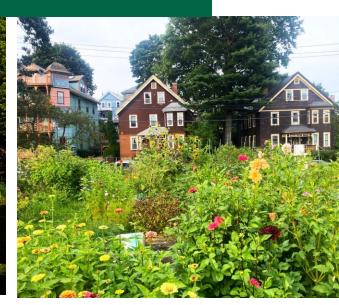




BIODIVERSITY IS ALL AROUND US.

















BIODIVERSITY SUSTAINS US



HUMAN HEALTH

Healthy ecosystems create healthy communities—nature provides us with essential clean water, clean air, food, medicine, materials, and physical + mental well-being.



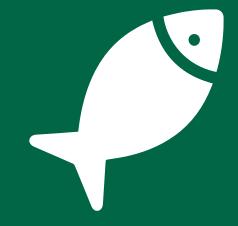
OUTDOOR RECREATION & TOURISM

Biodiversity plays a vital role in Massachusetts' **economy + quality of life**— special places make our state an attractive place to visit and live.



CLIMATE RESILIENCE

Nature is a climate solution—restoring forests, rivers, estuaries + wetlands is a cost-effective, impactful way to prepare cities + towns for climate hazards.



SUSTAINABLE FISHERIES

Protecting biodiversity will sustain Massachusetts' **nation-leading seafood industry** + commercial fisheries for future generations.



CARBON SEQUESTRATION

Restoring biodiversity hotspots—wetlands, salt marshes, eelgrass—will help MA restore the ability of nature to help us reach net-zero.



FOOD SECURITY

Biodiversity sustains our local food systems + economy— ensuring viability of agriculture, hunting + fishing, wild harvest in a time of climate uncertainty.



- 40% of animal species
 34% of plant species
 in US at risk of extinction
- 432 species listed in MA



BIODIVERSITY IN CRISIS



POLLUTION OF LANDS & WATERS

Ecosystems are significantly degraded—legacy + presentday pollution threatens
ecosystems and human health.



HABITAT LOSS

We are losing critical natural spaces at an alarming rate—conversion of unprotected lands threatens essential remaining habitats.



ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE

Stark disparities exist in access to nature and its many benefits—especially for underserved + EJ communities.

INVASIVE SPECIES

Fast-growing, non-native terrestrial and aquatic plants, invasive species outcompete native species and overtake the ecosystem.

HABITAT FRAGMENTATION

Poorly placed infrastructure—defunct dams, undersized culverts, excessive pavement—fragments habitats, blocking wildlife migration + harming our state's ability to withstand climate impacts.

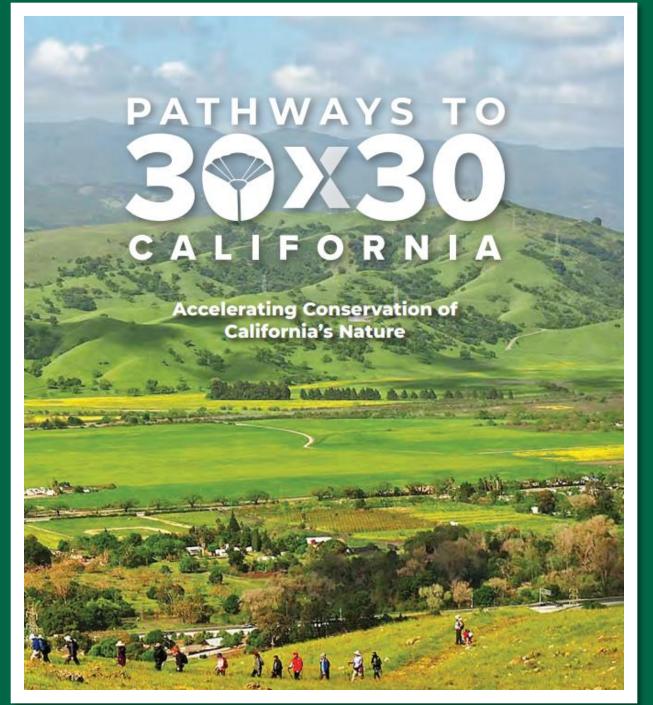
CLIMATE CRISIS

Climate change is amplifying threats— Without action, we will see loss of essential species + habitats that sustain us, threatening our public health, safety, food security, and economy.



Executive Order No. 618

BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION GOALS FOR 2030, 2040, 2050 Signed by Governor Maura Healey







Vermont Sets Ambitious Goal to Save Half

New biodiversity measure aims to conserve 50 percent by

of the State for Nature

2050

By Lindsey Botts

August 10, 2023



THIS IS PART OF A GLOBAL MOVEMENT

- Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework (GBF)
- EU Biodiversity Strategy for 2030 + Action Plan
- California Biodiversity Initiative Roadmap & Pathways to 30x30 Strategy
- Vermont Community Resilience and Biodiversity Protection Act of 2023



BIODIVERSITY IS A KEY CLIMATE SOLUTION

Preserving biodiversity is a critical climate resilience strategy—protecting + restoring key habitats will allow Massachusetts to boost the power of nature to withstand future climate impacts, adapt to rising seas, extreme weather, and drought, and store and sequester carbon to meet our net-zero goals.

PHASE #1 IDENTIFYING DRAFT GOALS & STRATEGIES

FALL 2023 – WINTER 2024

- Assessment & Research by DFG Working Group
- Develop Framework:
 - PROTECT
 - RESTORE
 - SUSTAIN
 - CONNECT
- Draft: Goals, Strategies, and Metrics

PHASE #2 ENGAGEMENT & REVIEW

SPRING - SUMMER 2024

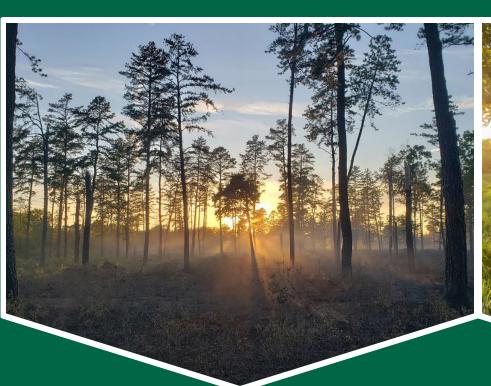
- Public Engagement Process
- 1:1 Engagement with Divisions, EEA Sister Agencies (CZM, DEP, DCR, MDAR, DOER) other Secretariats (DOT, DESE, DCAMM, EOHED, EOHLC)
- Biodiversity Workshops and Presentations to engage agencies, conservation partners, commercial interests, government, academics, EJ + Indigenous communities
- Public listening sessions in July

PHASE #3 FINAL GOALS & STRATEGIES

FALL 2024

- Continue engagement
- Biodiversity Goals finalized + announced
- Release kicks off statewide
 "Movement for Biodiversity"

VISION 2050 FOR BIODIVERSITY









PROTECT

KEY HABITATS, LANDSCAPES, SEASCAPES

RESTORE

HABITATS,
SPECIES,
CONNECTIVITY

SUSTAIN

ECOSYSTEM SERVICES, FOOD SECURITY, ECONOMY

CONNECT

ALL PEOPLE WITH NATURE



PRIORITY 40%

CONSERVE KEY HABITATS FOR SPECIES

- Prioritize key lands to protect under Clean Energy + Climate Plan 40% by 2050
- Protect **500,000+ acres** identified by BioMap
- Best management practices used to maximize species diversity
- Active management goals established for forest biodiversity



BLUE ECONOMY

SUSTAINING A THRIVING SEAFOOD INDUSTRY FOR FUTURE GENERATIONS

Protect and restore core coastal + marine habitats to boost marine biodiversity, commercial fishing, and climate resilience.

- Restore eelgrass habitats; identify sensitive, special, unique habitats (SSUs) identified by MA Ocean Plan
- Protect and restore salt marshes to maximize carbon sequestration
- Upgrade stormwater + wastewater treatment for No Net Loss of Shellfish
 Growing Areas



MAKE ROOM TO MOVE

CLIMATE CORRIDORS FOR MIGRATION & RESILIENCE

Targets prioritize landscape-scale + watershed-scale restoration to

- Knit together disconnected core habitats
- Restore fish passage for all diadromous/cold water fisheries
- Support species in **climate migration** by providing refuges + mobility
- Facilitate salt marsh, beach, + flood plain migration as sea levels rise



LAND USE PLANNING

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT FOR PEOPLE & NATURE

Elevate biodiversity as a priority—meet our climate, clean energy, transportation, and housing goals and:

- Avoid impacts to core habitats + critical natural landscapes
- Inform housing + transportation goals and projects
- Inform clean energy generation + carbon sequestration policy + actions



FOOD SECURITY

SUSTAINABLE HARVEST & FARMLAND BIODIVERSITY

- Support farms in applying biodiversity-friendly practices for healthy soils, pollinator edges, agroforestry, intercropping
- No Net Loss of Farmland
- Bolster food security by growing "Hunters Share the Harvest" + "Share the Catch"
- Ensure sustainable, equitable access to wild harvest



NATURE IN THE CLASSROOM

Support inherent appreciation for + belonging in nature from a young age:

- Launch the Nature in our Schools Initiative to educate all students on the nature
 of Massachusetts and biodiversity principles in the classroom, after-school,
 or summer programming.
- Reach all students in Environmental Justice + underserved areas.



NATURE IN NEIGHBORHOODS

- Ensure every person has access to a **biodiverse greenspace** (pocket forest, urban garden, food forest, pollinator pathway) in walking distance of their home
- Supporting municipal-led initiatives partner with municipalities
- Supporting community-led initiatives—partner with local organizations



STAY IN TOUCH!

As we develop our recommendations, we are looking for **you** to bring us your vision for nature in 2050!

Over the next months, we will have **opportunities to engage**—including public listening sessions and surveys.

VISIT OUR NEW WEBSITE:

Sign up for the latest news, events, and ways to take action!

mass.gov/biodiversity

