

Climate Resilience

For Your Community, Woods and Wildlife

Mass Land Conservation Conference March 23, 2019 - Worcester, MA

Today's Presenters:

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Lisa Hayden Outreach Coordinator New England Forestry Foundation

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- Community Resilience in Massachusetts
- Parcel-level Climate-Informed Forestry
- Resilient Habitat for Birds and Wildlife

Resilience at many scales...

Our Region – New England

Our Commonwealth – Massachusetts

Our Towns – municipal planning (growth, open space)

Our Properties – private woodland stewardship

Our backyard species – Forestry for Birds, wildlife

Community Resilience in MA: Every Decision Counts

Ariel Maiorano

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Resilience:

Adaptation:

The ability to bounce back after stressors

A change that allows a person or place to survive in its environment





Projected Climate Changes by the 2090s



Source: Northeast Climate Science Center,

Migrating Massachusetts

Graphic source: Union of Concerned Scientists.

By the end of the century, summers in Massachusetts will "feel" more like summers in the South. 1960-1999 Summer Heat Index

Current

2070-2099 Lower "Paris Agreement" Emissions

2070-2099 Higher "Business as Usual" Emissions

How Summer Temperatures Will Feel Depending on Future Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Future Forests





Graphic source: USGCRP, 2009

Change in 24-hour, 100-year Design Storms (inches)

	NOAA TP-40	NOAA Atlas 14	Change
Taunton	6.9"	7.7"	12%
Boston	6.6"	7.8"	18%
Worcester	6.5"	7.6"	17%

NOAA Atlas 14: http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds



Conserving natural landscapes is our first line of defense

We can also integrate and restore nature in our existing infrastructure to adapt to the impacts of climate change, and remain resilient to natural hazards

Nature-based Solutions (NBS)

Nature-Based Solutions use natural systems, *mimic* natural processes, or *work in tandem with* traditional approaches to address natural hazards like flooding, erosion, drought, and heat islands.







Low Impact Development (LID)

Nature based solutions at every scale Rural, suburban, or urban

Conserve available open space providing ecosystem services Integrate concepts into new development at neighborhood scales **Restore** resilience in urban areas at site specific scale







Every Decision Counts: Tools for Shaping Your Community

- Funding for adaptation
- Institutionalize strategies for resilience



 Municipal Vulnerability Preparedness (MVP)

Bylaw Review



Municipal Vulnerability Preparedness (MVP)



Bylaw Review Tool

Factors	Conventional	Better	Best	
GOAL I: PROTECT NATURAL RESOURCES AND OPEN				
SPACE				
			Prohibit removal of topsoil	

Soils managed for revegetation	Not addressed	site, and/or requirements for stabilization and revegetation	from site. Require rototilling and other prep of soils compacted during construction
Limit clearing, lawn size, require retention or planting of native vegetation/naturalized areas	Not addressed or general qualitative statement not tied to other design standards	Encourage minimization of clearing/ grubbing	Require minimization of clearing/grubbing with specific standards
Require native vegetation and trees	Require or recommend invasive species	Not addressed, or mixture of required plantings of native and nonnative	Require at least 75% native plantings

Planning Document	What does it do?	What should I look for?	How do I change it?	
Master Plan (MP)	Comprehensive guiding document that sets community goals	 Current, reflects changing priorities? Prioritizes sustainable development? Defines specific measures to retain local community character & values? 	Planning Board often with assistance of a special Master Planning Committee	
Open Space and Recreation Plan (OSRP)	Identifies local natural resource and recreation priorities and plans for protection and management	 Current, reflects current parcel status, priorities? Allows variety of OS uses: recreation, conservation? Considers land and water resources? Consider local context of existing OS? 	Conservation Commission, often with assistance of a special OS Committee. Must meet state guidelines	
Zoning Bylaw/ Ordinance	Determines how parcels may be used and sets dimensional requirements	 Focuses development near existing infrastructure, away from natural resources? Allows flexible dimensional requirements? Prioritizes protection of natural features? Limits clearing/grading, impervious areas? Requires LID features? 	Adoption and revision requires approval through Town Meeting (TM) or City Council	
Open Space Residential Design (OSRD)	Type of conservation development that maximizes protection of natural resources	 Allowed by right (not by special permit)? Requires ≥ 50% of open space protection on a parcel? References priority areas from local MP/OSRP? Connects OS within and on adjoining parcels? Allow flexible dimensional requirements? Requires LID features? 	Adoption/revision requires approval through TM/City Council	
Site Plan Review	Reviews development design for consistency with local standards	 Limits clearing/grading, impervious areas? Requires LID features? Allows easy siting of LID features, including near roadways and in parking islands? 	Adoption requires approval through TM/City Council	
Stormwater or LID Bylaw	Reduces stormwater pollution and/or specifically encourages LID	 Requires LID features? Discourages curbing and limits impervious areas? Prohibits topsoil removal? Limits clearing/grading? 	Adoption requires approval through TM/City Council	



Municipal Vulnerability Preparedness (MVP)





State and local partnership to build resiliency to climate change

1. Engage Community 2. Identify CC impacts and hazards 3. Complete assessment of vulnerabilities & strengths

4. Develop and prioritize actions

5. Take Action

www.ResilientMA.org State Climate Change Clearinghouse

Regional Planning for Shared Resources

- Example: Sole source aquifer serves 5 towns
- Comprehensive identification of assets and vulnerabilities
- Your actions impact your neighbors – so team up!





Resilient Taunton Watershed Network (RTWN)

Two MVP Grant Opportunities



Planning Grant

Open now, rolling applications through May 3, 2019

\$15,000 - \$100,000

Completed by June 30, 2020

Pool of \$1M



Action Grant

Open now, rolling applications through April 19, 2019

\$25,000 - \$2,000,000

Completed by June 30, 2020

Pool of \$10M

Your Participation Is What The Process Is Made Ofl

Plans get their emphasis from whoever shows up to the planning sessions

You are the local land experts

Leverage existing work and promote climate resilience in your community! EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF ENERGY & ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS

Matthew A. Beaton, Secretary Grant Announcement Commbuys Bid # BD-18-1042-ENV-ENV01-25921

Request for Responses (RFR) ENV 18 POL 03 Dated: April 13, 2018

MUNICIPAL VULNERABILITY PREPAREDNESS GRANT PROGRAM (MVP) IMMEDIATE NEEDS ROUND FY 18 MVP ACTION GRANT

1. Grant Opportunity Summary

- A. PROPOSALS SOUGHT FOR: Financial and technical assistance for municipalities who have received designation from the Executive Office of Energy and Environmental Affairs (EEA) as a Climate Change Municipal Vulnerability Preparedness (MVP) Community ("MVP Community") to implement priority adaptation actions identified through the MVP planning process, or similar climate change vulnerability assessment and action planning that has led to MVP designation.
- B. OVERVIEW AND GOALS: The Municipal Vulnerability Preparedness Grant Program supports Executive Order 569, "Establishing an Integrated Climate Change Strategy for the Commonwealth," by providing direct funding and technical support to cities and towns to executive and implement community driven dimension enhancement and and the supervised and the su
- "Projects that propose **nature-based solutions** or strategies that rely on green infrastructure or conservation and enhancement of natural systems to improve community resilience will **receive higher scores**."

rants, which "MVP ich seek to ants.

climate-relate

ns identified by the weather, sea See further detail ons or strategies ystems to improv

Everyone adapts differently Resilience planning can include...









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Engaging Woodland Owners in Climate-Informed Forestry





Massachusetts Land Conservation Conference March 23, 2017 - Worcester, MA

The Urgent Climate Challenge

IPCC report:

12 years to reduce carbon emissions – Need for ecosystem adaptation

40 scientists, Climate & Land Use Alliance: Focus on forests and forestry for solutions

National Research Council: forestry can help meet the challenge



TWC: Aftermath Hurricane Michael, Marianna, Fla., 10/11/18. (Charlotte Kesl for The Washington Post via Getty Images)

NEFF's Exemplary Forestry

- Measurable metrics defined for the Acadian Forest in Maine
- Working on developing standards for Southern New England forests

Enhancing environmental values from water quality to carbon sequestration

 \bullet

- Improving wildlife habitat and protecting biodiversity
- Producing more and better quality wood locally



Exemplary Forestry... Addresses Climate

Considerations for Your Woodlot The following are general recommondations to keep your woods heatthy and able to adapt to changes into the removing are general recommendations to step your moods matchy and asso to scape to changes into the should be deviced recommendations are most applicable to the solution of the second statement your woods and your situation. To learn more, consult our fact sheet, consider working with a professional to implement these practices on the ground or visit our website at http://mymassconowoods.org/. Hemlock Wooly Adelgid Gypsy Moth Caterpillar Invasive Exotic Plants Extreme Weather Vulnerabilities Typica Protect water and soils on your land Install water bars following completion of timber harvest improve ability of your trees to resist bugs and disease The recent harvest was done to improve tree species and age class diversity and improve tree health Prevent and control non-native plants and weeds that threaten native plants and animals A treatment by Licensed Pratterssiend has already been scheduled Managed and heeded the tressiend has already been scheduled Prepare for big weath-

Addressing climate change as the knowledge base becomes available, increasing the resilience to, adaptation for, and mitigation of, climate change.

Opacum Land Trust's property – climate-informed forestry Checklist



MassConn 4

Wildlands & Woodlands Goal: 30 million acres by 2060 – or 70% of New England.



Why Engage Landowners?

We're working in larger regions

and wider partnerships with bigger goals in mind:

Increasing the pace - and scale - of conservation Improving forest health & resilience

There is a Disconnect:

Even with all of our historic efforts, private landowners remain largely unaware of resources available to help them make key decisions





MassConn Sustainable Forest Partnership Conservation Priority Map

Forest Service Grant to NEFF

Parcel-level Climate Adaptation in the MassConn Woods: <u>Tools for Foresters, Actions by Landowners</u>

OUTCOMES:

- Complete MassConn outreach for forest resilience assessments Prioritizing parcels that rank high for TNC Climate Resilience data (75 Checklist visits)
- Train 25 more CT & MA foresters
- Adaptation assessments on 2500 acres; 50 owners with management plan or added climate component, land trust demo sites

Targeting Outreach

- Heat map: MassConn Ecological Priorities – Red = top 20%
- Tool for strategic landowner outreach:

Using GIS data to pull mailing list for outreach from highly resilient parcel ownerships – 25+ acres



MassConn Sustainable Forest Partnership Woodland Conservation Priority Parcels





www.forestadaptation.org/demos

How is this place vulnerable to climate change?

Norcross Wildlife Sanctuary – Demonstration site

- Privately-managed refuge with >8,000 acres in MA and CT
- Heart of Emerald Forest within MassConn region
- Forest management on portions of Sanctuary
- Upland & aquatic habitats



What

opportunities or challenges does climate change present?

- Extreme weather events could create challenges to forest management operations (-), but could also enhance structural diversity (+)
- Many insect pests and invasive plants may become more problematic in the future, especially if forests are stressed from changes in the climate (-)
- Loss of hemlock and other important species reduce cover and food available for many important wildlife species (-)
- Extreme rain events could damage culverts and forest roads, negatively impacting water quality (-)







Harvest & Habitat Walks at Norcross Sanctuary

Folded Hills Forest 40-acre management site August 2016



Whaleback Ridge Forest 20-acre harvest site May 2016



How do we incorporate climate change into stewardship?



Help foresters



talk to landowners.



Equip Foresters to Work one-on-one

Climate Change & Our Forests 🍊

Guidance for Foresters and Land Managers

Forests are a defining feature of the landscape in "the MassConn Woods" of northeastern Connecticut and south central Masschusetts. These natural systems, so crucial to our history and current quality of life, provide many entrobumental, economic, and words herefits to the region.

These forests, primarily in private family or individual ownership, will increasingly be affected by a changing climate. Understanding these potential impacts is an important first step to sustaining healthy forests in the face of changing conditions.

THE CLIMATE HAS CHANGED

The Earth's climate is changing. Many trends have been tracked across the globe, some reaching back hundreds of thousands of years. Although the climate has always changed, the changes that have occurred over the past century are more profound than anything that has happened since the start of human civilization and have important effects on our current environment.

The average annual temperature in the area has risen more than 2% since the late 1800s." Temperatures warmed in all associate, with white warming by more than 3%. Temperature records show that warming has accelerated in recent decades.

Winter temperatures increased by more than 3*F since the turn of the last century, and heavy rainfall events have become more common.

Precipitation also increased during this period, ranging from increases of approximately 3 inches scross most of Connectical to more than 5.5 inches in central Massachusetts. The greatest increase in precipitation has been in the fail, with analler increases during spring and summer. Extreme precipitation sents have increased substantially, particularly over the past several decades.

CHANGES WILL CONTINUE

It's impossible to predict exactly what will happen in the future, so global climate models can help us understand how the climate may react under various scenarios. There are many different models available and they provide an opportunity to understand the range of potential changes that may occur depending on the carbon intensity of induce energy sources.

Temperatures will increase

Climate models agree that temperatures will increase across all seasons in the region over the next century. The projected increase in aroual temperature ranges from 3 to 10°F by the end of the century, depending upon future scenarios.³⁴ Growing seasons will continue to get longer as a result of warnet temperatures.



What actions can help systems adapt to change – on *your* lands?

MassConn's Considerations for Your Woodlot "Checklist"

- Protect water and soils on your land.
- Protect rare or sensitive plant and animal communities.
- Improve ability of your trees to resist bugs and disease.
- Prevent and control non-native plants and weeds that already threaten native plants and animals.
- Prepare for big weather events by promoting strong, healthy trees in your woodlot.
- Respond quickly after big disturbance events to help your woods bounce back.
- Promote a diversity of tree species and tree sizes.
- Consider how your current trees and new trees that you may want to plant will react to future conditions.

Talking Climate Change... What messages resonate?



Wildlife

Direct mail to 613 MA, 424 CT owners of 30+ acres across 38 towns

Also offered "free" forester visits at MassConn events and Woodland Ambassador workshops



Extreme Weather



Healthy Woods

Know your audience. What do they really believe?



Find common ground.



A "Four'easter" March 2018



Considerations for Your Woodlot

Southbridge/Dudley, MA 140 acres



Climate-Informed Practices:

 Treated/removed invasives (12 acres barberry, knotweed, multiflora rose)

 Timber harvested to diversify age classes
 & species (40 acres)

 ✓ Clear-cut with reserves for wildlife habitat (4.5 acres)

Forester Visits Continuing 2019



 53 (of 75) climateinformed visits complete (to owners of 30+ acres)

•More than 3400 acres so far – surpassing grant goal (2500)

Integrating with RCPP

(Learning to love alphabet soup!)



MassConn Hand-Raisers 2014-17 (mailing address)

"DON'T MISS THIS OPPORTUNITY TO LEARN ABOUT NEW FUNDING IN YOUR AREA"

 Referring visit responders to grant applications for forest management plans, Forester for the Birds habitat assessments

Or

 Traditional NRCS cost share for wildlife habitat, or invasives treatment or plans

RCPP Funding

- Phase 2: \$1.5 million for EQUIP
- Bird habitat assessments with each state Audubon; forest management plans & practices on about 6,000 acres

• To learn more: Visit The Last Green Valley web site

http://thelastgreenvalley.org/learnprotect/agricultureforestry/southern-new-englandheritage-forest/



WOODLAND RESILIENCE WALKS Landowners Leading...

Owners who got a Checklist visit, taking action on their land... And sharing their experience with other owners





Forestry with Birds – and Climate in Mind!

An Integrated Training Workshop for Foresters May 1, 2019 - Brookfield, MA CEUs offered



How can you address climate resilience?



 Interested in planning for climate change on your conserved lands?

Tools are Available

-Parcel-level forest adaptation -Climate messaging for owners

To access resources developed for the MassConn Woods RCP, visit:

http://www.forestadaptation.org/massconn

Forest Adaptation Resources



Swanston et al. 2016; <u>www.forestadaptation.org/far</u>

Strategies & Approaches

Menu of adaptation actions

Adaptation Workbook

- Structured process to integrate climate change considerations into management
- Workbook approach



How is this place vulnerable to climate change?

- Review resources to understand regional impacts from climate change
- Consider your local site conditions to understand unique vulnerabilities and risks.



www.forestadaptation.org/ ne-assessment



Illustration by Jerry Jenkins, from Rustad et al. 2012

What actions can be taken to enhance the ability of a system to cope with change *and*

meet land management goals and objectives?

What actions can help systems adapt to change?

Favor mast-producing species, increase diversity Improve growth & health of remaining trees

Thinning:

What actions can help systems adapt to change?

Retain: Den trees, snags, coarse woody debris for habitat Protect: Establish riparian wetland reserve

What actions can help systems adapt to change?

Infrastructure Replace undersized culverts and bridges

Some populations of species of concern are declining

