# How to make the economic case for your work using existing tools and resources

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#### Outline

- Introductions
- Overview of economic benefits
- Existing tools and resources
- Messaging in response to common misconceptions
- Questions



### The Trust for Public Land: How we work

#### FUND

Help enact measures for public funding

#### PLAN

Identify the most important land for conservation

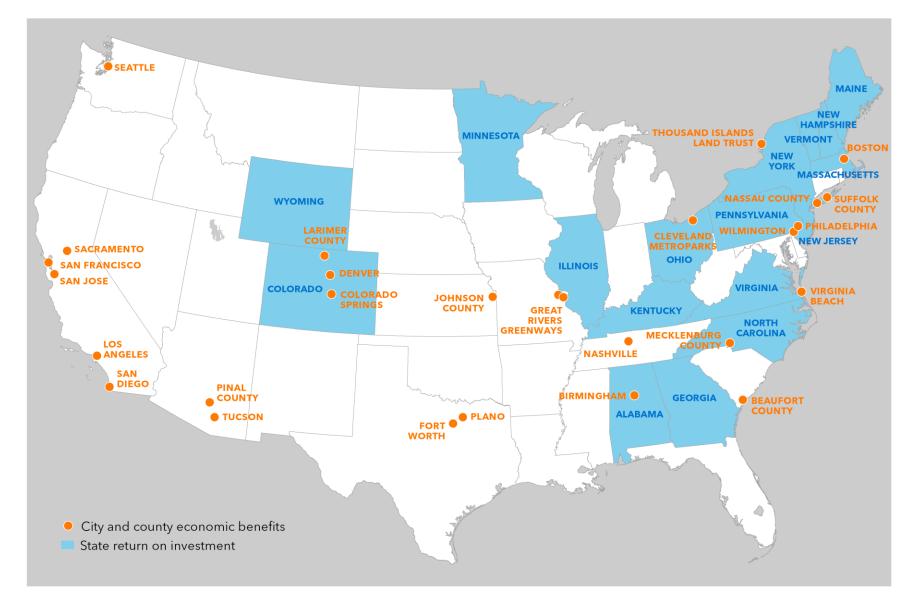
#### PROTECT

Acquire and protect land

#### CREATE

Create innovative parks





## Economic benefits studies in cities, counties, and states (2008-2018)

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#### **Conservation Economics**

- Examining *measurable* economic benefits of conserved lands.
- Translating *perceived* values into dollars and cents
- Conserved lands can:
  - Propel economic development
  - Enable recreation
  - Increase public health
  - Reduce stormwater and air pollution
  - Provide natural goods and services
  - Support agriculture, fishing, and forestry
  - Bolster tourism
  - Enhance property value



### Thinking about economic benefits



Photo: Darcy Kiefel

them to do?
Different messages resonate with different

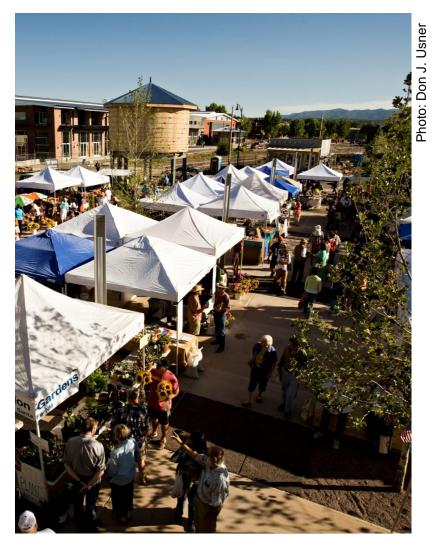
Who is your audience?

What are you trying to get

- target audiences.
- Key themes



### **Economic Development**



- Conserved lands make the area an attractive place to live and work.
  - Attracts businesses
  - Attracts skilled workers
- Available information on the quality of life in the community
  - Awards won
  - Business leader quotes
  - Business surveys
- Esri Business Analyst
  - Businesses, sales, employees
  - Fee based



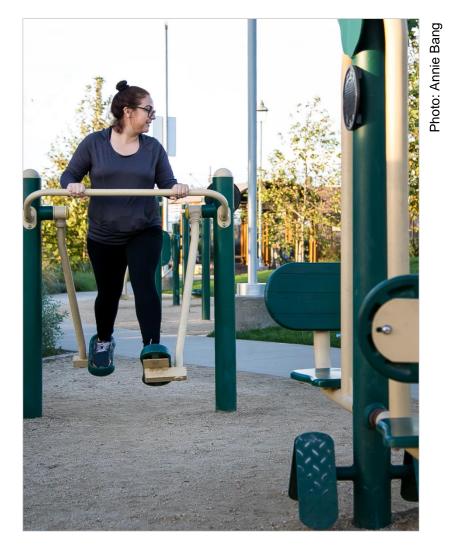
#### **Recreational Use**



- Value gained by residents from outdoor activities.
  - Oregon State University -Recreation Use Values Database
  - <u>http://recvaluation.forestry.oreg</u>
     <u>onstate.edu/database</u>
- Combine with user data for economic evaluation
  - Trail counts
  - Surveys



### Improved Health



- When people have access to trails and parks they exercise more.
- Adults who exercise regularly save \$1,180-\$2,360/year
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention obesity data
  - <u>http://www.cdc.gov/obesity/d</u> ata/adult.html
- County Health Rankings & Roadmap
  - <u>http://www.countyhealthrank</u> ings.org/



#### Natural Goods and Services



Photo: Paul Mozell,

- Reduced stormwater runoff
  - Conserved lands can reduce the costs of stormwater management by capturing precipitation and/or slowing its runoff.
- Air pollution removal
  - Vegetation improves air quality by removing air pollutants, including:
    - Carbon monoxide
    - Nitrogen dioxide
    - o Ozone
    - Particulate matter
    - Sulfur dioxide
- http://www.itreetools.org/



### Natural Goods and Services

# InVEST

integrated valuation of ecosystem services and tradeoffs

- Mapping and valuing ecosystem services
  - Carbon
  - Coastal vulnerability
  - Crop pollination
  - Fisheries
  - Habitat quality
  - Managed timber production
  - Recreation
  - Sediment retention
  - Water purification
- Free
- <u>http://www.naturalcapitalp</u> roject.org/invest/



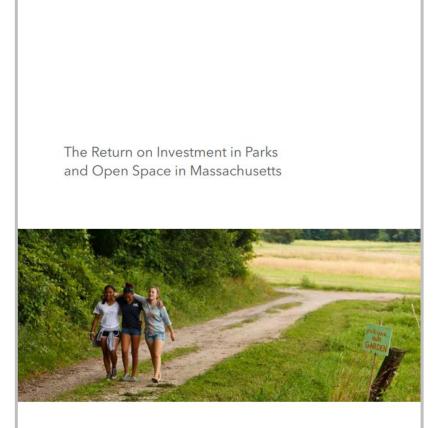
### Resiliency



- Extreme events
- SHELDUS<sup>™</sup> is a countylevel hazard loss data set for the U.S. for 18 different natural hazard events types such thunderstorms, hurricanes, floods, wildfires, and tornados.
- Fee based
- <u>http://hvri.geog.sc.edu/SH</u>
   <u>ELDUS/</u>



### Natural Goods and Services



CONSERVING LAND FOR PEOPLE

- Over a dozen state-level analyses by The Trust for Public Land.
- Every \$1 invested in state land conservation programs returns \$4 to \$11 in natural goods and services.
  - Every **\$1 invested by Massachusetts in parks and open spaces returns \$4** in natural goods and services.
- <u>http://cloud.tpl.org/pubs/benef</u>
   <u>its-ma-roi-report.pdf</u>

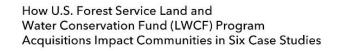
### Industries Supported by Conservation



- Agriculture, forestry, and commercial fishing
  - USDA Census of Agriculture
    - <u>https://www.agcensus.u</u> <u>sda.gov/</u>
  - Bureau of Economic Analysis – BEARFACTS
    - <u>http://www.bea.gov/regi</u> onal/bearfacts/
  - Census County Business Patterns
    - <u>http://www.census.gov/p</u> <u>rograms-</u> <u>surveys/cbp.html</u>



### Industries Supported by Conservation





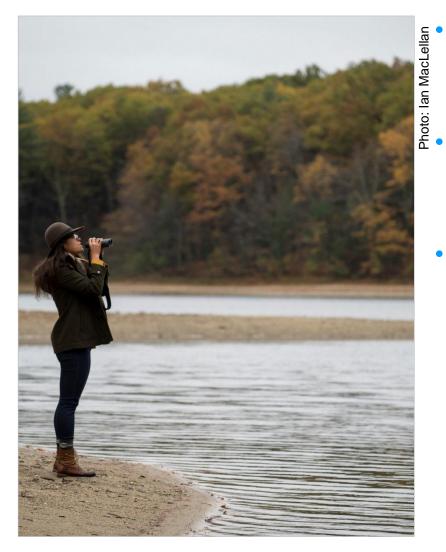
THE TRUST & PUBLIC LAND LAND FOR PEOPLE

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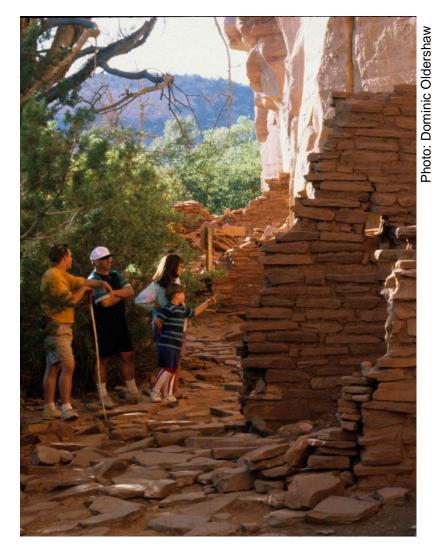
#### https://www.tpl.org/sites/default/files/files\_upload/ ForestService\_LWCF\_Final\_07.22.2014\_1\_0.pdf





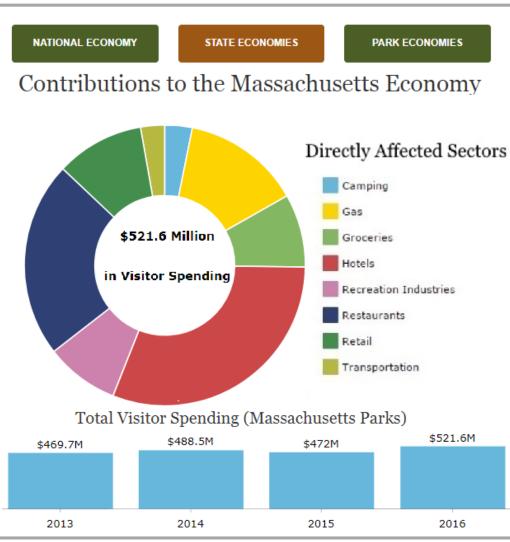
- Conserved lands attract nonresidents to the area.
- These visitors spend money in local communities.
- Sources
  - MA Office of Travel and Tourism
  - Visitors bureaus
  - Research universities





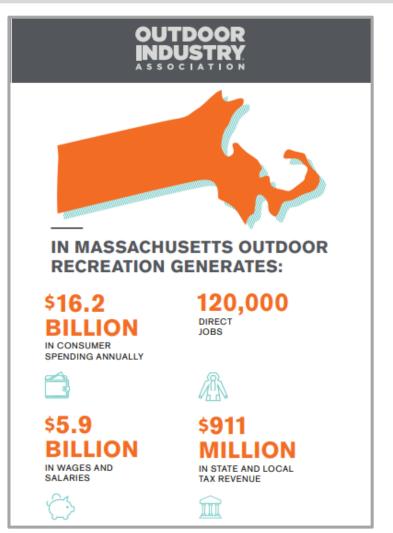
- Massachusetts Statewide
   Comprehensive Outdoor
   Recreation Plan (SCORP)
  - Over 20 million tourists
  - \$19.5 billion in direct spending annually
  - Outdoor recreation amenities are a top 5 reason for visiting MA





- National Park Service
- Visitor spending and jobs
  - National
  - o State
  - o Park
- <u>https://www.nps.gov/subj</u>
   <u>ects/socialscience/vse.ht</u>
   m

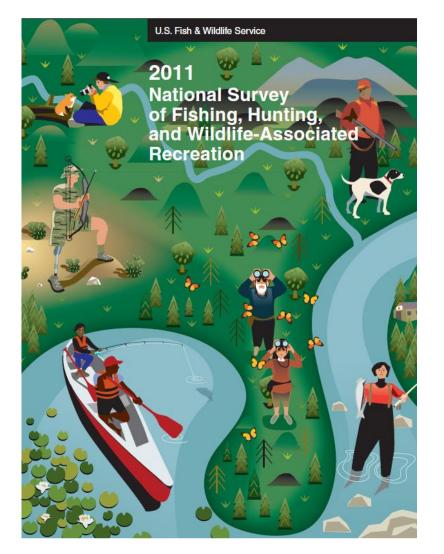




- Outdoor Industry Association
- Overview of MA outdoor recreation economy
- <u>https://outdoorindustry.or</u> g/state/massachusetts/
- Bureau of Economic Analysis
- <u>https://www.bea.gov/new</u> <u>sreleases/industry/orsa/or</u> <u>sanewsrelease.htm</u>



Source: Outdoor Industry Association

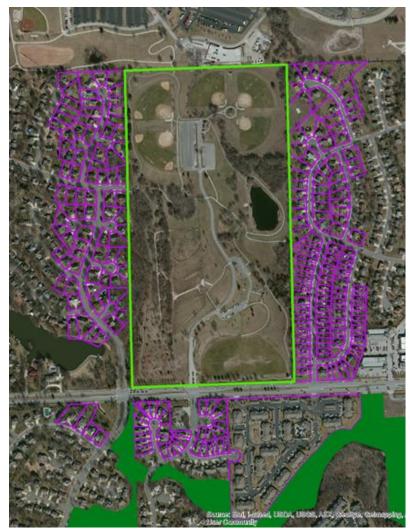


#### U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service

- Survey of hunting, fishing, and wildlife watching
  - <u>http://census.gov/library/publi</u>
     <u>cations.html</u>
- Banking on Nature National
   Wildlife Refuge Visitation
  - <u>https://www.fws.gov/refuges/</u> about/refugereports/



### **Enhanced Property Value**



- Market values of properties near conserved lands are frequently higher than properties located elsewhere.
- An increase in property values generally means increased property tax revenues.
- Sources to cite:
  - Dr. Virginia McConnell
  - Dr. Margaret Walls
  - Dr. John Crompton
  - National Association of Realtors
  - CEOs for Cities
  - Urban Land Institute
  - Local developers
  - Ads for new development



### **Enhanced Property Value: Sources**

- Dr. Virginia McConnell and Dr. Margaret Walls, Resources for the Future
  - <u>http://www.rff.org/files/sharepoint/WorkImages/Download/RFF-REPORT-Open%20Spaces.pdf</u>
- Dr. John Crompton, Texas A&M University
  - <u>http://rpts.tamu.edu/the-proximate-principle-impact-of-parks-on-property-value/</u>
- National Association of Realtors
  - Brad Broberg, "Everybody Loves a Park: Green Space Is a Premium When Building, Buying, or Selling," National Association of Realtors, On Common Ground (2009): 20–25. <u>http://www.slideshare.net/REALTORS/smart-growth-oncommon-ground-winter09</u>
- CEOs for Cities
  - <u>http://www.reconnectingamerica.org/assets/Uploads/2009WalkingTheWalkCEOsforCities.pdf</u>
- Urban Land Institute
  - <u>http://uli.org/report/active-transportation-real-estate-next-frontier/</u>



### **Cost of Community Services**



- American Farmland Trust Cost of Community Services
- Nationally
  - Residential: \$1.16 in services for every \$1
  - Working and open lands: \$0.37 in services for every \$1
- Other communities
  - <u>http://www.farmlandinfo.</u> org/sites/default/files/C OCS\_08-2010\_1.pdf



### Common Arguments Against

- 1. Takes land off the tax rolls
- 2. Parks only provide economic benefits in cities
- 3. Other infrastructure investments create more jobs
- 4. We have other priorities
- 5. Is a luxury we cannot afford



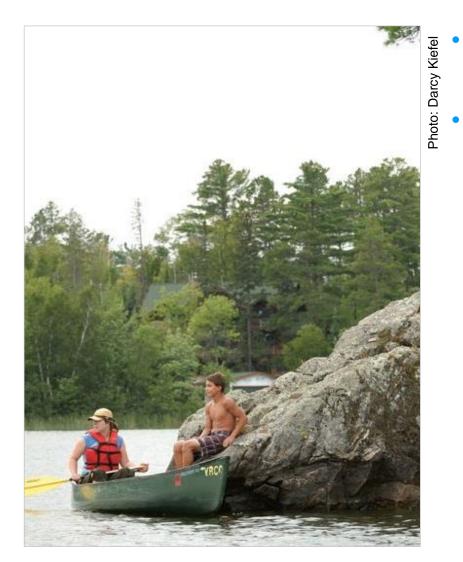
### Takes land off the tax rolls



- Cost of community services
- Enhanced property value
- Tourism
- Agriculture, forestry, and commercial fishing
- <u>http://legislature.maine.gov/uploads/o</u> <u>riginals/land-trust-highlights-final.pdf</u>
- <u>http://wfltmaine.org/assets/mdacf-handout-2017.pdf</u>



#### Parks only provide economic benefits in cities



- Economic development
- Supports local business
  - Tourism
  - Outdoor recreation
  - Agriculture, fishing, forestry, wildliferelated



#### Other infrastructure investments create more jobs



#### The Economic Impact of Local Parks

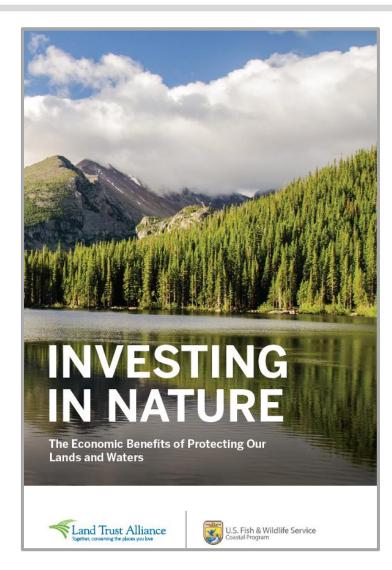
An Examination of the Economic Impacts of Operations and Capital Spending on the United States Economy



- Economic development
- www.nrpa.org/ParkEconReport
- Tourism
- Agriculture, forestry, and commercial fishing



### We have other priorities



- Economic development
- Conservation can be part of other priorities
  - Working landscapes
  - Transportation
  - Flood protection
  - Water quality
  - Available at http://www.landtrustalliance.org/to pics/economic-benefits



### Is a luxury we cannot afford

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Economi	c Profil	e System					
reate Profiles	Technical I	nformation	Print Instructions	Custom Data Sets	FAQ	About	
Land Use A report describin acres of Forest Ser			vailable Geographics				
and trends in residential development.		ient.	u.s.	Statoo	्रि ou	itea	
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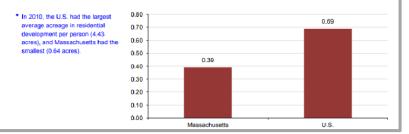
#### What are the trends in residential land-use conversion?

This page describes the per capita area (in acres) used for housing and the rate at which this area is growing on a per capita basis

#### Population Density, 2000-2010

	Massachusetts	U.S
Residential Acres/Person, 2000	0.39	0.67
Residential Acres/Person, 2010	0.39	0.69
Change in Residential Acres/Person, 2000-		
2010*	0.00	0.02
Private Acres/Person, 2010	0.64	4.43

\* The percentages in this table represent the percent of private land developed at various housing densities, and should not sum to 100%



Average Residential Acres per Person, 2010

- Economic development
- Recreation
- Health

- Clean air and clean water
- Agriculture, forestry, and commercial fishing
- Tourism
- Enhanced property values
  - Cost of community services
  - https://headwatersecono mics.org/tools/economicprofile-system/



Source: Headwaters Economics

### **Additional Information**

#### The Trust for Public Land

www.tpl.org

#### **Reports Available:**

www.tpl.org/conservation-economics

#### **Contact Information:**

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